FORM A

Circumstances of Interview

Frederick W Kaul

NAME OF WORKER: L A Rollins
ADDRESS: Hastings, Nebr.

DATE: Nov. 1938
SUBJECT: Folklore

1. Name and address of informant: Mr. John Grosvenor, Hastings, Neb.

2. Date and time of interview: Nov. 1938

3. Place of interview: at home—several calls

4. Name and address of person, if any, who put you in touch with informant: none

5. Name and address of person, if any, accompanying you: none

6. Description of room, house, surroundings, etc.: Modern, cozy, 5 room house, well painted and very neat yard. Rooms very clean. Some modern furniture. House and walls just filled with pictures, tables, clocks, fancy china and glassware covering the last sixty years. Mr. Grosvenor and wife live alone.
FORM B

Personal History of Informant

Frederick R. Paul
L. A. Rollins
Hastings, Nebr.

NAME OF WORKER
ADDRESS

NOV. 1938

DATE

SUBJECT

FOLKLORE

NAME AND ADDRESS OF INFORMANT
Mr. John Grosvenor, Hastings, Nebr., 1404 W 4st

1. Ancestry Scotch Irish

2. Place and date of birth Livingston County, Mo. Jan. 25, 1859.

3. Family wife, one adopted son

4. Place lived in, with dates

Livingston County, Mo. Logan, Kans. Hastings, Nebr
does not remember dates

5. Education, with dates

Livingston County, Mo. Country school grades

6. Occupations and accomplishments, with dates

Part of 1860 and of 1862, worked for railroad.
balance of life farming, now retired

7. Special skills and interests

Was excellent farmer and now owns several. Delights in gardening
several lots, always gets results far above neighbors.

8. Community and religious activities

Hasn't missed a day in many years of reading a chapter from the Bible.
Member of First Christian Church.

9. Description of informant

Rather tall, slightly stooped. Hard of hearing. Mentally alert,
friendly. Very active, health fair to good. Always has worked hard

10. Other points gained in interview

This man still owns the farm he homesteaded and several adjoining
farms near Logan, Kans. Mentioned the cottonwood seedlings he planted.
No bigger around than a finger. How many of them, you can't put your
arms around.
FORM C

Text of Interview (Unedited)

Frederick W. Kaul
L. A. Rollins

NAME OF WORKER: ........................................ ADDRESS: Hastings, Nebr.

DATE: ............................................... SUBJECT: Folklore

NAME AND ADDRESS OF INFORMANT: Mr. John Grosvenor, 1404 West 6th St., Hastings, Nebr.

Attached copy
The New Railroad

"In the year 1860, I was hunting a job and after dinner from my father's farm, 4 miles north of Logan, Kans. I walked 18 miles and struck a job and earned 50¢ of late that afternoon finishing digging out a cellar. I had left home with 75¢.

Before I went to bed that night, I had struck a job for as long as I wanted it on the Central Missouri Pacific Railroad, for a $1 a day and pay my own board. They had just completed the railroad and I went to work of Wednesday. The first regular train to go thru was on Sat'ry night.

Before I went to bed that night, I rented a house and sent word to my wife, would be after her on the coming of Sunday. I worked to Sat's day night, then walked back 18 miles after I done the days work on the section. Come back to my work on Sunday. Everything we had in one wagon.

We all worked 10 hours a day and they had to be 10 big ones. I worked 6 months and as my wife and I had a homestead, we had to return back to it. The law--we had to stay so many nights for so many months in order to hold the homestead or somebody else might take it.

I had to work out like on the railroad in order to get a stake and buy food."
Early Day Railroading

In 1882, I started working again on the railroad, The Central Missouri Pacific, April 1st., and received $1.10 a day. Same ten hours. It was a very wet year. Very heavy rains. Washouts were very common.

Every big rain, when a train came along our section, we had to have all hands there. Then push the handcar along in front of the train. The train of course just barely creeping along. We had a flag to wave if we run into a real soft spot or a wash out. For miles of this, there was an average of 1 1/2 feet of water covering the tracks.

At night we had to do the same thing but used a lantern. The country was just being developed around there, Logan, Kansas and west. Lots of people and much freight moving in.

Finally after a steady 3 day and 3 nights of rain, Over 3 miles of track washed out. We got a big crew and for almost 4 days and 4 nights in steady rain, we relaid the track. The tack and places we had to work was all the way from 1 1/2 feet to over a man's head deep. It was just a sea of water everywhere.

Tracks were jacked up. Timbers, lumber, poles, iron, anything and everything was brought into use to fix the track up, so the light trains in use then could creep thru.

We had no raincoats only boots. We were soaked thru. Food was short. We finally got home. Many of the men were just dead on their feet and it was some job to wake them up.
We got time and one half at night working and that month of nearly steady rain, I received almost double my regular wages.

Oh Yes, for some reason ducks and frogs of all kinds by the millions came to the track and staid. The noise was constantly deafening. Some of the men were hard of hearing for many weeks.)