Jane (Welch) Smith and daughters Emma (Smith) Carter and Gladys (Smith) Jones: This portrait was taken of Buxton residents in 1912. Use this image to show economic success of Buxton’s black residents based on clothing.
Monroe Milton Adams: This image of Monroe Milton Adams shows the wealth of some Buxton residents. Use this image to show economic success of Buxton’s black residents based on clothing.
Additional Buxton Photographs from the State Historical Society of Iowa

Doctors Carter, Powell and Gray with Associate James Warren: This photographic postcard shows (left to right) James Warren, medical associate, Dr. Edward Carter, Dr. Powell, Dr. Gray and Duke the dog seated on porch of their practice. The men are all resident of Buxton, Iowa, in 1910. The business of providing medical care in Buxton was colorblind. In her book, Lost Buxton, Rachelle Chase quotes Sister Maurine Sofranko, a caucasian resident of Buxton, as saying, “A Negro doctor attended my mother when my brother was born.... which again indicates to me there was no prejudice there.” These were “company doctors,” and residents paid $2 per month for a family or $1 per month for an individual to receive any necessary care that these doctors could provide. The closest hospital was in Albia.
Additional Buxton Photographs from the State Historical Society of Iowa

Photographic Postcard Showing Buxton #12 Mine, with Train Stopped on Adjacent Railroad Tracks: This photographic postcard shows Buxton #12 mine with a train full of miners stopped on adjacent railroad tracks.